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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/839,955	04/19/2001	Gilat Aviely	5079P007	4510	
7	02/16/2005	EXAMINER			
BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP Seventh Floor 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			RYMAN, DANIEL J		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2665		
			DATE MAILED: 02/16/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

								
Office Action Summary		Application	Application No. Applica		cant(s)			
		09/839,95	55	AVIELY ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Daniel J. F	<u> </u>	2665				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence ad	dress			
THE - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE PROVISION OF THE PROVI	ON. R 1.136(a). In no even. r. a reply within the state ariod will apply and witatute, cause the apply	ent, however, may a reply be tinutory minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this or D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status			·					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	19 April 2001.						
2a)[☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-61 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 21-58 is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-20 and 59-61 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	ion Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Exar The drawing(s) filed on 19 April 2001 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co The oath or declaration is objected to by the	: a)⊠ accepte the drawing(s) b rrection is requir	e held in abeyance. Se ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CF				
•	•							
12) <u>□</u> a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bussee the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have bee nents have bee priority docume ireau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applicat ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage			
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	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	3)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE or No(s)/Mail Date			Patent Application (PTC	D-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: the species in Fig. 2 (buffer level monitor), the species in Fig. 5 (log recorder and buffer level emulator), and the species in Fig. 6 (virtual buffer).

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, no claim is generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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2. During a telephone conversation with Tarek Fahmi on 7 February 2005 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the species seen in Fig. 2, corresponding to claims 1-20 and 59-61. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 21-58 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: in para. 31, line 1, "Te" should be "The"; in para. 31, "PLL unit (not shown)" should be "PLL unit 113"; and in para. 45, line 5 "(can you give some examples)" should be deleted.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-17 and 59-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itakura et al. (USPN 5,901,149) in view of Rusu et al. (USPN 6,141,323).

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Regarding claims 1, 17, and 59, Itakura discloses a system and method for compensating for timing violations of time restricted data being transmitted over a bursty communication channel (col. 2, lines 17-31), the system comprising: a retriever (ref. 11), coupled to a buffer (ref. 41), for retrieving the time restricted data from the buffer, at a retrieval rate (read-out rate) (col. 4, lines 1-21); a buffer level monitor (ref. 43), coupled to the buffer, for monitoring the level of time restricted data in the buffer at a monitoring rate (col. 4, lines 1-21); and a controller (ref. 55) coupled to the buffer level monitor and to the retriever, for setting the retrieval rate (col. 4, lines 1-21) and the monitoring rate.

Itakura does not expressly disclose that the controller sets the monitoring rate. Rusu teaches, in a system for adjusting queue length, obtaining queue increase/decrease information at a programmable time interval (col. 8, lines 49-52; col. 8, lines 3-6; and col. 9, lines 1-4) in order to allow a system to compensate and adapt to different rates by shortening (or lengthening) the time interval to gain more frequent (or less frequent) samples to permit quicker adjustments (or slower adjustments) (col. 7, lines 60-64). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have the controller set the monitoring rate in order to allow the controller to adjust the monitoring rate as appropriate.

Regarding claim 2, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the controller sets the retrieval rate according to the level of the time-restricted data in the buffer (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21). Itakura in view of Rusu suggests that the controller sets the monitoring rate according to the level of the time-restricted data in the buffer (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52).

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8. Regarding claim 3, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the retrieval rate is increased when the difference between the level of the time restricted data in the buffer and a predefined threshold level exceeds a predefined difference threshold (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21).

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- 9. Regarding claim 4, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the retrieval rate being responsive to the difference between the level of the time restricted data in the buffer and a predefined threshold level (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21).
- 10. Regarding claim 5, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the retrieval rate is responsive to a difference between the buffer behavior pattern to a predefined buffer behavior pattern (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21). Itakura in view of Rusu suggests that the monitoring rate is responsive to a difference between the buffer behavior pattern to a predefined buffer behavior pattern (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52).
- Regarding claim 6, Itakura in view of Rusu suggests that the retrieval rate and the monitoring rate are responsive to low frequency changes in the level of time-restricted data in the buffer (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52).
- 12. Regarding claim 7, Itakura in view of Rusu suggests that the controller is configured to change the monitoring rate and the retrieval rate to compensate for jitter included in the time-restricted data (Itakura: col. 2, lines 17-31 and col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52).
- 13. Regarding claim 8, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the removal interval is responsive to a current bit rate of the time-restricted data (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21).

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- 14. Regarding claim 9, Itakura in view of Rusu suggests that the controller sets the monitoring rate in response to the level of jitter included in the time restricted data (Itakura: col. 2, lines 17-31 and col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52).
- Regarding claim 10, Itakura in view of Rusu suggests that the monitoring rate and the retrieval rate are set in view of a statistical analysis of the level of time restricted data in the buffer (Itakura: col. 2, lines 17-31 and col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64; col. 8, lines 3-6; and col. 8, lines 49-52) where Rusu teaches changing the monitoring rate according to current and historical conditions (col. 8, lines 3-6) which suggests using statistical analyses.
- 16. Regarding claim 11, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the controller is configured to set the monitoring rate in response to changes in the bit rate of arriving time-restricted data (Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52).
- 17. Regarding claim 12, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the controller modifies the retrieval rate, when said controller detects that the behavior of said current level exceeds a given behavior and adjusts said retrieval rate accordingly (Itakura: col. 4, lines 1-21).
- 18. Regarding claim 13, Itakura in view of Rusu does not expressly disclose that said buffer is a first in first out buffer; however, Examiner takes official notice that FIFO buffers are well known in the art. Thus, it would have been obvious to use a FIFO buffer since these buffers are well known in the art.
- 19. Regarding claim 14, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the time restricted data is in a form of MPEG Transport packet (Itakura: col. 1, lines 6-15).
- 20. Regarding claim 15, Itakura in view of Rusu does not expressly disclose that the type of said bursty communication channel is selected from the list consisting of: Ethernet; Fast

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Ethernet; Gigabit Ethernet; TCP/IP; RTP; and UDP/IP. However, Examiner takes official notice that TCP/IP is a well-known protocol. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use TCP/IP since it is a well-known protocol.

- 21. Regarding claim 16, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses that the timing violations are selected from the group consisting of: delay; and jitter (Itakura: col. 2, lines 17-31).
- 22. Regarding claim 60, Itakura in view of Rusu discloses a step of setting said monitoring time after said step of increasing, after said step of decreasing, and when said buffer level is equal to said threshold (Itakura: col. 2, lines 17-31 and col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52) where the monitoring level is changed according to an interval such that these changes will occur after said step of increasing, after said step of decreasing, and when said buffer level is equal to said threshold since the retrieval rate will constantly be changing.
- 23. Regarding claim 61, Itakura in view of Rusu implicitly discloses a preliminary step of detecting if said buffer level exceeds a predetermined zero level (Itakura: col. 2, lines 17-31 and col. 4, lines 1-21 and Rusu: col. 7, lines 60-64 and col. 8, lines 49-52) where the system implicitly checks to determine if there is any data in the buffer before it makes a determination if the amount of data in the buffer exceeds a threshold.
- 24. Claims 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itakura et al. (USPN 5,901,149) in view of Rusu et al. (USPN 6,141,323) as applied to claim 15 above, and further in view of Applicant's admitted prior art.
- 25. Regarding claim 18, Itakura in view of Rusu does not expressly disclose at least one entity selected from the group consisting of a decapsulator, connected to said buffer, wherein

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said decapsulator extracts said time restricted data from bursty channel format packets and wherein said decapsulator provides said time restricted data to said buffer; a receiving end communication interface, connected to said decapsulator, wherein said receiving end communication interface receives said bursty channel format packets from said bursty communication channel, and wherein said receiving end communication interface provides said bursty channel format packets to said decapsulator; a transmitting end communication interface, for transmitting said bursty channel format packets to said receiving end communication interface over said bursty communication channel; an encapsulator, connected to said transmitting end communication interface, for encapsulating said time restricted data in said bursty channel format packets; a time restricted data source, connected to said encapsulator; and a communication unit, coupled to the retriever. However, Applicant discloses as prior art that it is well known to encapsulate and decapsulate packets in order to transport the MPEG packets over a network (para. 2 to para. 11). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have at least one entity selected from the group consisting of a decapsulator, connected to said buffer, wherein said decapsulator extracts said time restricted data from bursty channel format packets and wherein said decapsulator provides said time restricted data to said buffer; a receiving end communication interface, connected to said decapsulator, wherein said receiving end communication interface receives said bursty channel format packets from said bursty communication channel, and wherein said receiving end communication interface provides said bursty channel format packets to said decapsulator; a transmitting end communication interface, for transmitting said bursty channel format packets to said receiving end communication interface over said bursty communication channel; an

encapsulator, connected to said transmitting end communication interface, for encapsulating said time restricted data in said bursty channel format packets; a time restricted data source, connected to said encapsulator; and a communication unit, coupled to the retriever in order to transport MPEG packets over a network.

- 26. Regarding claim 19, Itakura in view of Rusu in further view of Applicant discloses that said retriever is further connected to a communication unit selected from the list consisting of: a decoder, for decoding said time restricted data; a transmitter, for transmitting said time restricted data to a remote receiver; and a multiplexer, for multiplexing said time restricted data (Applicant: para. 2 to para. 11).
- 27. Regarding claim 20, Itakura in view of Rusu in further view of Applicant discloses that said multiplexer is further connected to said transmitter, and wherein said transmitter transmits multiplexed time restricted data received from said multiplexer (Itakura: col. 1, lines 19-32 and Applicant: para. 2 to para. 11).

Conclusion

28. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Powell (USPN 6,111,878) see col. 1, lines 60-65; col. 2, lines 15-22; and acol. 2, lines 33-41 which discloses varying the parameters of a filter according to the fill level of a buffer in order to avoid buffer overflow or underflow.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel J. Ryman whose telephone number is (571)272-3152. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:00-4:30 with every other Friday off.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Huy Vu can be reached on (571)272-3155. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Daniel J. Ryman Examiner

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HUY D. VU

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600